## Larval and spat culture of the Western Australian silver- or goldlip pearl oyster, Pinctada maxima (Jameson)(Mollusca: Pteriidae)

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## Abstract

The larvae of *Pinctada maxima* were fed Tahitian *Isochrysis galbana*, *Chaetoceros calcitrans*, *C. gracilis* and *Nannochloropsis oculata*. Food concentrations for larvae were increased gradually from 0.2-2 algal cells•  $\mu$ l<sup>-1</sup> on day 1 to 20-40 cells•  $\mu$ l<sup>-1</sup> on day 30. Initial stocking densities of 1–8 larvae • ml<sup>-1</sup> were reduced to 0.5-1 larvae • ml<sup>-1</sup> at settlement. For 70% of the population, settlement began on day 24 and lasted up to 7 days. Ten to 15% of the population failed to grow appreciably and another 10-15% grew comparatively rapidly, reaching settlement by days 15-17. The smallest spat observed on day 28 was 331 µm shell length (SL) X305 µm shell height (SH). Spat were fed the same phytoplankton as the larvae, as well as *Tetraselmis chuii* twice daily at 40-285 cells µl<sup>-1</sup> over 5 months Spat reared in downwellers at densities of 4 and 25 individuals 100 cm<sup>-2</sup> grew 9.6 and 6 mm•mth<sup>-1</sup> SH, respectively. Those reared in plastic cages at sea at densities of 3 and 7 individuals •100 cm - 2 grew 9.2 and 7.3 mm mth<sup>-1</sup> SH, respectively. Mortality 5 months after settlement was 1–2% for those reared in the hatchery and 9-12% for those reared at sea. Hatchery-propagated spat were similar in appearance to natural spat and 20-25% were suitable for pearl culture 19 months after fertilization, or when they were 120 mm SH.

Keywords: Pearl oyster; Spawning; Larvae; Spat; Growth; Survival

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