

## Assessment of artificial substrates for collection of hatchery-reared silver-lip pearl oyster (*Pinctada maxima*, Jameson) spat

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### Abstract

This paper reports on three experiments in which artificial substrates were assessed for the collection of hatchery-reared silver-lip (or gold-lip) pearl oyster, *Pinctada maxima* (Jameson), spat. In the first experiment, pediveliger larvae were settled onto collectors made from a variety of materials: curved PVC slats; polypropylene rope; a combination of PVC slats and polypropylene rope; and monofilament nylon. After 37 days, the rope and the combined PVC slat and rope collectors had significantly higher numbers of spat ( $P < 0.05$ ) than either nylon or PVC slat collectors. In a second experiment, PVC slat collectors were placed in a larval settlement tank in either a horizontal or vertical orientation. Significantly greater numbers of spat ( $P < 0.001$ ) were observed on horizontally positioned PVC slat collectors than on collectors positioned vertically. Regardless of orientation, the concave surface of PVC slats had significantly higher ( $P < 0.001$ ) numbers of spat than the convex surface. In the third experiment, collection of *P. maxima* spat was compared between PVC slats with or without an epifloral biofilm. Significantly more ( $P < 0.001$ ) spat attached to PVC slats with a biofilm than clean PVC slats. These results indicate that the choice of collector material, the surface orientation of collectors and method of collector preparation can optimise the collection of hatchery-reared *P. maxima* spat. ©1998 Elsevier Science B.V. All rights reserved.

**Keywords:** Pearl oyster; *Pinctada maxima*; Spat collector; Settlement; Spat

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